Empirical Formulas & Molecular Formulas



EMPIRICAL FORMULAS

To determine the empirical formula of a compound:

- 1) Determine the relative weights of the elements that make up the compound, if they have not already been provided.
- 2) Express these quantities in moles.
- 3) Divide the number of moles by the minimum number of moles for each element.
- 4) Create a ratio for the elements in the formula. From this ratio, the empirical formula can often be written.
- 5) If the ratios are not already whole numbers, multiply each number in the ratio by an integer to remove the denominators.

Example 1: A compound is found to be 53% Al and 47% O. Find its empirical formula.

Solution: Convert the quantities to grams rather than percentages. Assuming a sample weight of 100 g, there would be 53 g of Ał and 47 g of O.

Convert these quantities to moles:

moles Al = 53 g Al ×
$$\frac{1 \text{ mol Al}}{27.0 \text{ g Al}}$$
 = 1.96 mol Al
moles O = 47 g O × $\frac{1 \text{ mol O}}{16.0 \text{ g O}}$ = 2.94 mol O

Divide these answers by the smallest number of moles:

aluminum:
$$\frac{1.96}{1.96} = 1$$
 oxygen: $\frac{2.94}{1.96} \approx 1.5$

This would imply an empirical formula of Al₁O_{1.5}, but since chemical formulas do not have fractional subscripts, we must multiply by a whole number to get whole number answers. Since $1.5 = \frac{3}{2}$, we need to multiply by 2.

aluminum : oxygen = 1 : 1.5 = 2 : 3

So the empirical formula is $A\ell_2O_3$.

MOLECULAR FORMULAS

To determine the molecular formula for a compound:

 The molecular weight is always a multiple of the empirical formula weight (i.e., M.W. = n × E.F.W.) To determine n, divide the given molecular weight by the empirical formula weight.



2) Multiply all the subscripts in the empirical formula by the answer to the previous step.

Example 2: If the compound from Example 1 had a molecular weight of 306 g, what would the molecular formula be?

Solution: The empirical formula was $A\ell_2O_3$. The empirical formula weight is $2 \times 27.0 \text{ g} + 3 \times 16.0 \text{ g} = 102 \text{ g}$

The molecular weight is 306 g. $306 \div 102 = 3$. We multiply the subscripts in the empirical formula by 3 to get the molecular formula Al₆O₉.

EXERCISES

A. Determine the empirical formula of each compound from its percentage composition by weight:

- 1) 66.4% Cu, 33.6% S 6) 39.8% K, 27.8% Mn, 32.5% O
- 2) 79.8% Cu, 20.2% S 7) 32.4% Na, 22.6% S, 45.0% O
- 3) 62.6% Ca, 37.4% C 8) 52.0% Zn, 9.60% C, 38.4% O
- 4) 36.8% N, 63.2% O 9) 1.90% H, 67.6% Cℓ, 30.5% O
- 5) 38.9% Cł, 61.2% O 10) 60.0% C 13.3% H, 26.7% O



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B. Determine the empirical formula of each compound from the given weights:
1) 7.615 g Ga, 2.622 g O
3) 11.89 g Fe, 5.11 g O

2) 0.366 g Na, 0.220 g N, 0.752 g O 4) 87.3 g Na, 121.5 g S, 91.2 g O

C. Determine the molecular formula of each compound from the empirical formula and the molecular weight:

1) E.F. = NaS₂O₃, mol. wt. = 270.4 4) E.F. = Na₂SiO₃, mol. wt. = 732.6

2) E.F. = C₃H₂Cl, mol. wt. = 147.0 5) E.F. = NaPO₃, mol. wt. = 305.9

3) E.F. = C₂HCl, mol. wt. = 181.4 6) E.F. = NO₂, mol. wt. = 92.0



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D. Determine the molecular formula from the percentages by weight and the molecular weight.

1) 65.45% C, 5.45% H, 29.10% O; mol. wt. = 110

2) 40.0% C, 6.7% H, 53.5% O; mol. wt. = 180

- 3) 7.79% C, 92.21% Cl; mol. wt. = 154
- 4) 10.13% C, 89.87% Cl; mol. wt. = 237
- 5) 25.26% C, 74.74% Cl; mol. wt. = 285
- 6) 11.25% C, 88.75% Cl; mol. wt. = 320

SOLUTIONS

- A. (1) CuS (2) Cu₂S (3) CaC₂ (4) N₂O₃ (5) Cl₂O₇ (6) K₂MnO₄ (7) Na₂SO₄ (8) ZnCO₃ (9) HClO (10) C₃H₈O
- B. (1) Ga₂O₃ (2) NaNO₃ (3) Fe₂O₃ (4) Na₂S₂O₃
- C. (1) $Na_2S_4O_6$ (2) $C_6H_4C_{l_2}$ (3) $C_6H_3C_{l_3}$ (4) $Na_{12}S_{16}O_{18}$ (5) $Na_3P_3O_9$ (6) N_2O_4
- D. (1) $C_6H_6O_2$ (2) $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (3) CCl_4 (4) C_2Cl_6 (5) C_6Cl_6 (6) C_3Cl_8



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